



## Women, Peace and Security

- 10 UN Security Council Resolutions
- UNSCR 1325: First to recognize the impact and role of women in peace and conflict
- No mention of YPS in resolutions
- Active mechanisms for coordination with Member States and civil society (eg. Group of Friends and NGO Working Group on WPS)
- Large focus on sexual violence in conflict
- 107 National Action Plans
- Dedicated UN Agency mandated for coordination
- Monitoring mechanism through Secretary-General's Report to Security Council + CEDAW General Recommendations 30 and 36
- Significant funding mechanisms in partnership with civil society (eg. WPHF)

# Intersections in peace & security

Thematic UN Security  
Council resolutions on peace  
and security

Emerged out of advocacy efforts from  
civil society and key UN actors

Pillars: participation, protection and prevention

Demanding meaningful inclusion

Focus on empowerment and dismantling structures of violence

Dismantling assumption of young women as victims  
and solely recipients

Engaged and highly-skilled civil society constituencies

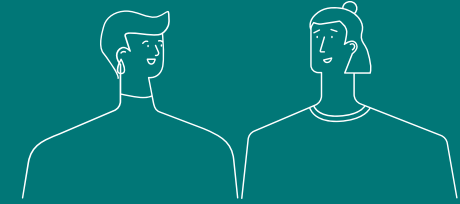
Referencing SDGs and Agenda 2030 as  
forward-looking priorities

Recognition of local peacebuilders

Diversified but limited funding

Engaging men and boys in  
peace and security

Participation as  
agency



## Youth, Peace and Security

- 3 UN Security Council Resolutions
- UNSCR 2250: First to recognize the impact and role of young people in peace and conflict
- Explicit mention of WPS in UNSCR 2535.
- Unique partnerships pillar: recognizes need for collaboration among various agendas and actors to achieve framework's goals
- Strong association with de-radicalization and counter-terrorism
- 4 National Action Plans
- No dedicated UN Agency mandated for coordination
- Monitoring mechanism through Secretary-General's Report to Security Council + no other reporting requirements for Member States
- Marginal funding mechanisms specific to YPS (only YPS Fund)
- Strong opportunities for 'queering' the agenda